Rules for Legislative Drafting in Portuguese-speaking Countries and Regions Research Project

Panel 3101: Better regulation and its importance for citizens and companies in Portuguese-speaking countries and regions

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Summary

- 1. Introduction: Legislative Drafting
- 2. Why searching for common standards?
- 3. Legislative drafting in PT speaking countries and regions
- 4. Lines of research
- 5. Conclusion





1. Introduction : Legislative Drafting

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Aims to create rules, standards and methods to draft quality legislative instruments

Legistive drafting dimensions

- Normative acts
- "Substantive" rules for legislative drafting
- "Formal" rules for legislative drafting and
- Legislative Impact Assessment





Summary

2. Why searching for common standards?





- ✓ Simplifying and improving access to legislation for more than 250 million of Portuguese native speakers
- ✓ Angola
- ✓ Brazil
- ✓ Cape Verde
- ✓ Guinea Bissau
- ✓ Macao Special Administrative Region (PRC)
- Mozambique
- ✓ Portugal
- ✓ São Tomé and Príncipe
- ✓ Timor Leste





- Making legislation in Portuguese-speaking countries more similar and easier to be understood by everyone
- Reducing red tape costs for businesses in Portuguese-speaking countries and regions
- Common practices and the same legal roots create the perfect ground for common rules and standards





✓ In general, regulations of Portuguesespeaking countries and regions address similar problemas and issues

Ex1: How to identify the types of legislation

Ex2: How to separate the provisions of a law in different parts

Ex3: How to amend and repeal legislation

Ex4: Clarity and simplification of legislation





- Regulations or handbooks of Angola, Cape Verde, Macao, Portugal, São Tomé and Princípe and Timor-Leste are very close
- Common practises in Guinea-Bissau and Mozambique also follow this pattern (although there are no regulations approved or handbooks)





Purpose of the research project: setting common rules and standards for legislative drafting in Portuguese-speaking countries

- The scope includes:
 - ✓ Legislative drafting rules
 - ✓ Specific issues concerning better regulation and law making
- The scope does not target:
 - ✓ Standards and common grammatical rules for Portuguese language
 - ✓ Issues regarding the type of legislative acts in different countries





3. Legislative drafting in PT speaking countries and regions





3. Legislative drafting in PT speaking countries

- Angola, Brazil, Cape Verde, São-Tomé and Príncipe and Timor-Leste have published regulations on legislative drafting
 - ✓ Brazil and São-Tomé and Príncipe: for acts of parliaments, presidents of the republic and governments
 - ✓ Angola, Cape Verde and Timor-Leste: for legislation approved by governments
- Macao: guidelines and handbook on legislative drafting
- Portugal had published regulations in the past; today it has guidelines and a handbook on legislative drafting
- Guinea-Bissau and Mozambique do not have regulations on legislative drafting or handbooks



3. Legislative drafting in PT speaking countries

 Regulation in Brazil has some differences but they do not prejudice efforts to achieve common standards

Ex1: There is no "summary"/"summary" of a piece of legislation but an "ementa", whose purpose is also to briefly identify the object of the legislation

Ex2: On what concerns numbering, the division is also in articles but then these are dividided in "parágrafos, incisos, alíneas e itens" (not in "números, alíneas e subalíneas")

Ex3: Brazilian regulation accepts the use of the future tense





Summary

4. Lines of research





- Identifying the different legislative drafting rules in Portuguese-speaking countries and regions
- Defining and improving methodologies and working procedures to set common rules and standards for legislative drafting in Portuguese-speaking countries and regions
- Publishing a paper comparing different legislative drafting rules in Portuguese-speaking countries and regions





- Drafting and discussing a project of common rules and standards for legislative drafting in Portuguesespeaking countries and regions with international consultants (face to face, conference calls, emailing)
- Holding workshops on legislative drafting
- Managing the contents of the IAL website
- Holding a Legislative Drafting post-graduation





- Observatório da Legislação Portuguesa / Portuguese Legislation Observatory
- Institute of Advanced Legal Studies Law Reform Project
- Setting common rules and standards for legislative drafting in Portuguese-speaking countries and regions (binding or non-binding)
- Drawing up a handbook on common rules and standards for legislative drafting in Portuguese-speaking countries and regions





5. Conclusion

- Simplifying the access to the law for citizens and companies
- Creating legal certainty for citizens and companies based in a broad geographical area (9 different legal orders)





Thank you!

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